IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims, without prejudice, without admission, without surrender of subject matter, and without any intention of creating any estoppel as to equivalents, as follows:

- 1. (Twice amended) A composition for eliciting an immune response and thereby reducing porcine circovirus-2 (PCV-2)-caused myocarditis, and/or abortion and/or intrauterine infection in a population of pigs comprising a pharmaceutically or veterinarily or medically acceptable carrier and an active agent comprising a vector containing and expressing an exogenous nucleotide sequence, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes a PCV-2 polypeptide.
- 2. (Twice amended) A composition for eliciting an immune response and thereby reducing PCV-2-caused myocarditis and/or abortion and/or intrauterine infection associated with PCV-2 comprising a pharmaceutically or veterinarily or medically acceptable carrier and an active agent comprising a vector containing and expressing an exogenous nucleotide sequence, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes/a PCV-2 antigen.
- 21. (Twice amended) The composition of claims 1 or 2, additionally including at least one immunogen from at least one additional pig pathogen, or a vector expressing such an immunogen, wherein the vector, the at least one immunogen from at least one additional pig pathogen can also be the vector expressing the PCV-2 polypeptide or antigen.
- 31. (Twice amended) A method for minimizing the symptoms of porcine circovirus-2 (PCV-2)-caused myocarditis, and/or abortion and/or intrauterine infection in a population of pigs comprising inducing an immunological or immunogenic response against PCV-2 in the population of pigs comprising administering to the population of pigs the composition of claim 1.
- 32. (Twice amended) A method for minimizing the symptoms of PCV-2-caused myocarditis and/or abortion and/or intrauterine infection in a population of pigs comprising inducing an immunological or immunogenic response against PCV-2 in the population of pigs comprising administering to the population of pigs the composition of claim 2.
- 50. (Twice amended) The method of claim 31, additionally including at least one immunogen from at least one additional pig pathogen, or a vector expressing such an immunogen, wherein the vector, the at least one immunogen from at least one additional pig pathogen, can also be the vector expressing the PCV-2 polypeptide.



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- 51. (Twice amended) The method of claim 32, additionally including at least one immunogen from at least one additional pig pathogen, or a vector expressing such an immunogen, wherein the vector, the at least one immunogen from at least one additional pig pathogen, can also be the vector expressing the PCV-2 antigen.
- 60. (Twice amended) the method of claims 31 or 32, wherein the polypeptide or antigen is recombinantly produced.
- 62. (Amended) The method of claims 31 or 32, wherein the administering is prior to breeding.
- 63. (Amended) The method of claims 31 or 32, wherein the population includes one or more pregnant female pigs and the administering is during pregnancy of the one or more female pigs.
- 82. (Amended) A composition for eliciting an immune response and thereby reducing porcine circovirus-2 (PCV-2)-caused myocarditis comprising a pharmaceutically or veterinarily or medically acceptable carrier and an active agent comprising a vector containing and expressing an exogenous nucleotide sequence, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes a PCV-2 polypeptide.
- 83. (Amended) A composition for eliciting an immune response and thereby reducing porcine circovirus-2 (PCV-2)-caused abortion comprising a pharmaceutically or veterinarily or medically acceptable carrier and an active agent comprising a vector containing and expressing an exogenous nucleotide sequence, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes a PCV-2 polypeptide.
- 84. (Amended) A composition for eliciting an immune response and thereby reducing porcine circovirus-2 (PCV-2)-caused intrauterine infection comprising a pharmaceutically or veterinarily or medically acceptable carrier and an active agent comprising a vector containing and expressing an exogenous nucleotide sequence, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes a PCV-2 polypeptide.
- 85. (Amended) A composition for eliciting an immune response and thereby reducing porcine circovirus-2 (PCV-2)-caused myocarditis comprising a pharmaceutically or veterinarily or medically acceptable carrier and an active agent comprising a vector containing and expressing an exogenous nucleotide sequence, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes a PCV-2 antigen.

- 86. (Amended) A composition for eliciting an immune response and thereby reducing porcine circovirus-2 (PCV-2)-caused abortion comprising a pharmaceutically or veterinarily or medically acceptable carrier and an active agent comprising a vector expressing and containing and expressing nucleotide sequence, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes a PCV-2 antigen.
- 87. (Amended) A composition for eliciting an immune response and thereby reducing porcine circovirus-2 (PCV-2)-caused intrauterine infection comprising a pharmaceutically or veterinarily or medically acceptable carrier and an active agent comprising a vector containing and expressing an exogenous nucleotide sequence, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes a PCV-2 antigen.
- 88. (Amended) A method for eliciting an immune response and thereby reducing porcine circovirus-2 (PCV-2)-caused myocarditis comprising inducing an immunological or immunogenic response against PCV-2 in a pig comprising administering to the pig the composition of claim 1, 2 or 94.
- 89. (Amended) A method for eliciting an immune response and thereby reducing porcine circovirus-2 (PCV-2)-caused abortion comprising inducing an immunological or immunogenic response against PCV-2 in a pig comprising administering to the pig the composition of claim 1, 2 or 94.
- 90. (Amended) A method for eliciting an immune response and thereby reducing porcine circovirus-2 (PCV-2)-caused intrauterine infection comprising inducing an immunological or immunogenic response against PCV-2 in a pig comprising administering to the pig the composition of claim 1, 2 or 94.

Please add the following claims, without prejudice, without admission, without surrender of subject matter, and without any intention of creating any estoppel as to equivalents, as follows:

--94. (New) A composition for eliciting an immune response and thereby reducing porcine circovirus-2 (PCV-2)-caused myocarditis, and/or abortion and/or intrauterine infection in a population of pigs comprising a pharmaceutically or veterinarily or medically acceptable carrier and an active agent comprising a vector containing and expressing an exogenous nucleotide sequence, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes a PCV-2 epitope which is specific to PCV-2 and not specific to PCV-1.

- 95. 1, (New) The composition of claim 94, wherein the vector comprises a DNA vector plasmid, a *E. coli*, a baculovirus, a pig herpes viruses, including Aujeszky's disease virus, a porcine adenovirus, or a poxvirus, including a vaccinia virus, an avipox virus, a canarypox virus, or a swinepox virus.
 - 96. (New) The composition of claim 95, wherein the vector is a DNA vector.
 - 97. (New) The composition of claim 95, wherein the vector is a canarypox virus.
- 98. (New) A method for minimizing the symptoms of porcine circovirus-2 (PCV-2)-caused myocarditis, and/or abortion and/or intrauterine infection in a population of pigs comprising inducing an immunological or immunogenic response against PCV-2 in the population of pigs comprising administering to the population of pigs the composition of claim 94.
- 99. (New) The method of claim 98, wherein the vector comprises a DNA vector plasmid, a *E. coli*, a baculovirus, a pig herpes viruses, including Aujeszky's disease virus, a porcine adenovirus, or a poxvirus, including a vaccinia virus, an avipox virus, a canarypox virus, or a swinepox virus.
 - 100. (New) The method of claim \$9; wherein the vector is a DNA vector.
 - 101. (New) The method of claim 99, wherein the vector is a canarypox virus.
- 102. (New) The method of claim 98, wherein the polypeptide or antigen is recombinantly produced.
 - 103. (New) The method of plaim 98, wherein the administering is prior to breeding.
- 104. (New) The method of claim 98, wherein the population includes one or more pregnant female pigs and the administering is during pregnancy of the one or more pregnant female pigs.
- 105. (New) A composition for eliciting an immune response and thereby reducing porcine circovirus-2 (PCV-2) caused myocarditis comprising a pharmaceutically or veterinarily or medically acceptable carrier and an active agent comprising a vector containing and expressing an exogenous nucleotide sequence, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes an epitope which is specific to PCV-2 and not specific to PCV-1.
- 106. (New) A composition for eliciting an immune response and thereby reducing porcine circovirus-2 (PCV-2)-caused abortion comprising a pharmaceutically or veterinarily or medically acceptable carrier and an active agent comprising a vector containing and expressing

an exogenous nucleotide sequence, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes an epitope which is specific to PCV-2 and not specific to PCV-1.

107. (New) A composition for eliciting an immune response and thereby reducing porcine circovirus-2 (PCV-2)-caused intrauterine infection comprising a pharmaceutically or veterinarily or medically acceptable carrier and an active agent comprising a vector containing and expressing an exogenous nucleotide sequence, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes an epitope which is specific to PCV-2 and not specific to PCV-1.--

Please cancel claims 61/64, and 91-93 without prejudice, without admission, without surrender of subject matter, and without any intention of creating any estoppel as to equivalents.